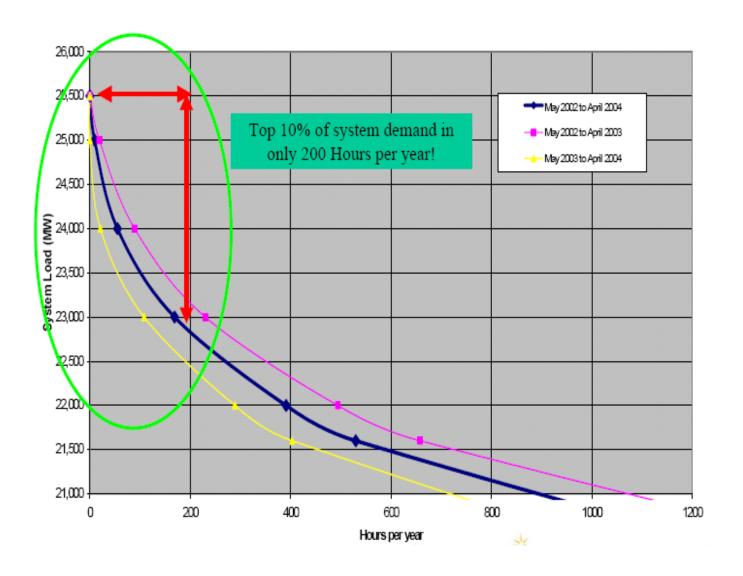
# Wahoo Load Control Program

## Cost Saving Switch(CSS) save **YOU** \$\$

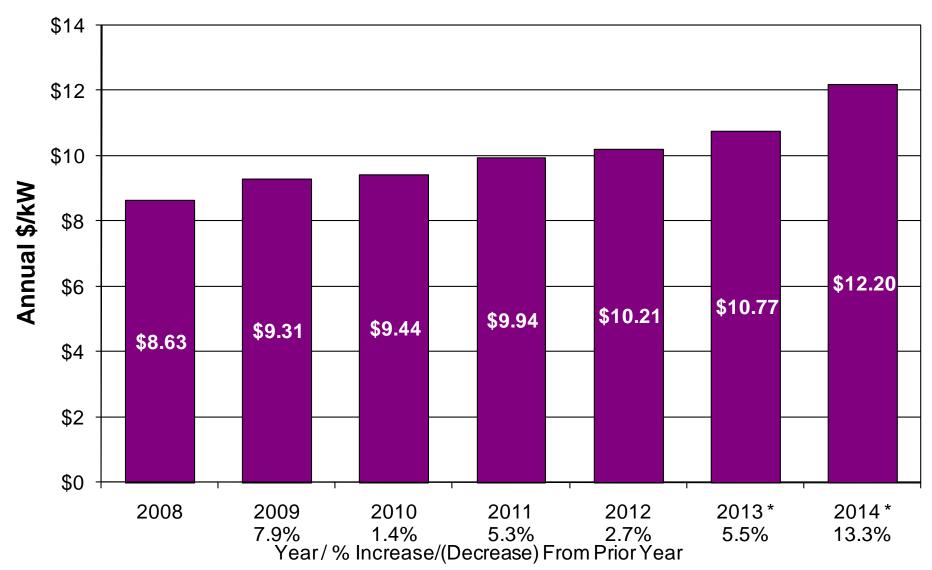
 Wahoo Utilities currently has some of the lowest electric rates in the state/nation. One of the ways of controlling costs is by the implementation of our load control program. By reducing our peak demand, with air conditioner and irrigation control, Wahoo Utilities customers help keep our rates low!

#### **Demand Response: State of the Business**

- Existing utility infrastructure strained by worsening load factor(Demand vrs Consumption)
- Peak demand continues to grow faster than supply
  - Total nationwide energy 1.4%/Yr
  - System peak nationwide growing at 2%/Yr
  - Total supply nationwide dropped 0.1% in 2006
- Demand control is the <u>lowest total cost solution</u>
  - \$250-350/KW base generation vs. \$700-850/KW for peak generation
  - Improved system reliability (reserve margin)
  - Reduced marginal supply costs



### Forecasted Average Annual GFPS Demand \$/kW



<sup>\*</sup>Includes cost associated with the installation and operation of wet scrubbers on both Gentlemen Units

### Air Conditioner and Irrigation load control

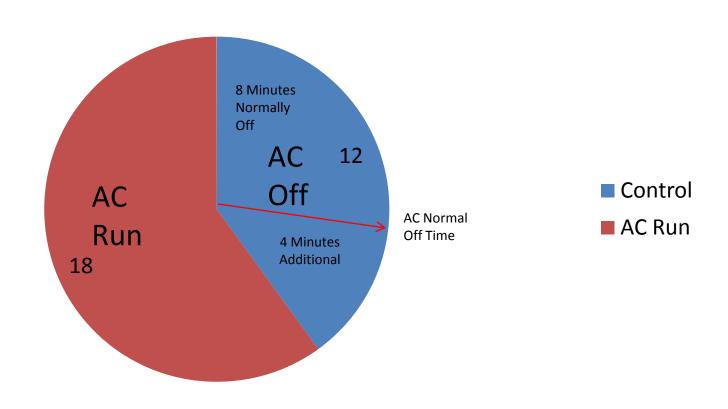
- NPPD sends out billable demand message for their anticipated peak days.
- At a locally determined threshold, Wahoo implements 5 groups of AC control and 1 group of irrigation.
- 10 different days of control in 2011
- Typical hours are from 3:00 P.M-6:00 P.M. Monday-Friday.
- 12 minutes control-18 minutes noncontrol for every 30 minutes.
- 14 hours/840 minutes for 2011.
- \$700,000 savings in 10 years for every 1000 kW of demand reduction.



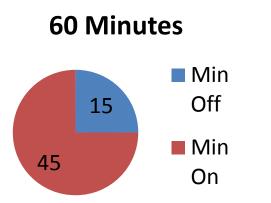


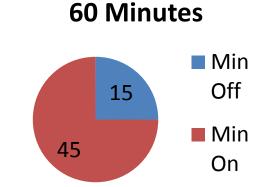
# AC Run/AC Control minutes

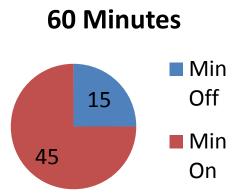
#### AC Runtime in a 30 minute period

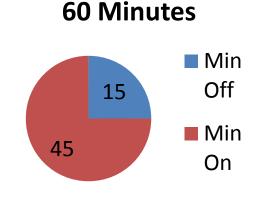


# Uncontrolled with Normal Off Periods 4 kW Demand

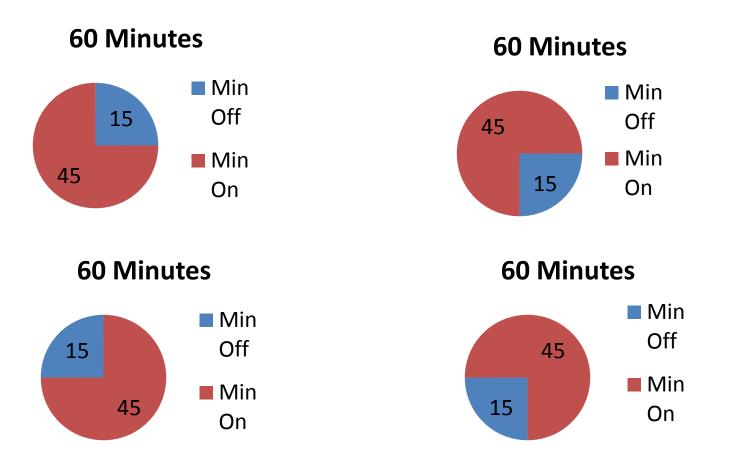








# Controlled with Normal Off Period 3 kW Demand



25% Reduction of demand & all A/C's run normal amount of time but at different times.

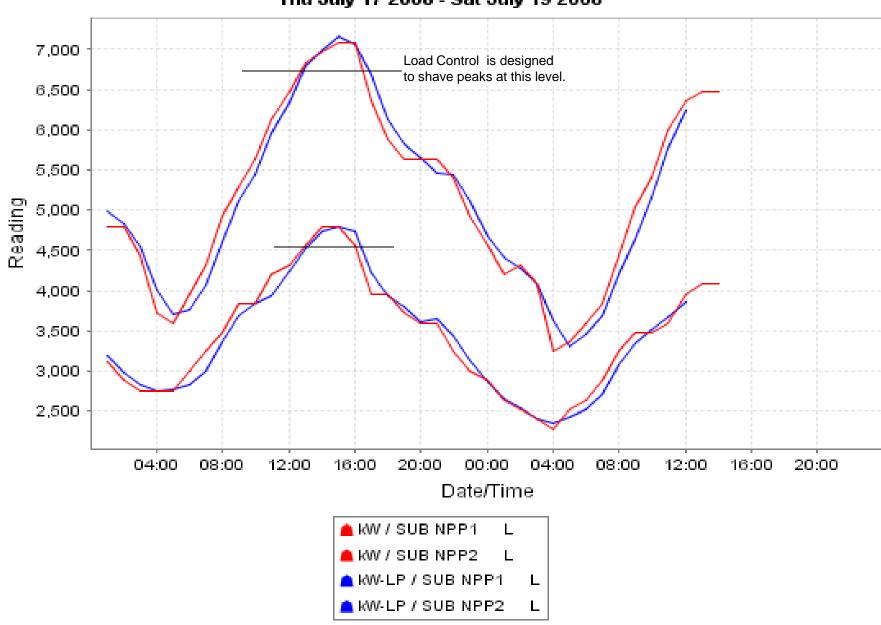
### 2011 Power Cost from NPPD

											2011 Paym	ent to NPPD	\$3,244,344	
	\$292,656.37	\$270,715.06	\$233,038.81	\$ 193,453.68	\$ 237,137.44	\$315,001.61	\$357,555.53	\$346,777.87	\$304,610.79	\$206,304.03	\$221,400.58	\$ 265,692.69		
Energy	V 0.020111	\$ 0.023479		\$ 0.023766	\$ 0.023641	\$ 0.028178	\$ 0.027809	\$ 0.028246			0.020110			
	\$138,287.17	\$115,790.42	\$107,866.89	\$ 87,994.64	\$ 93,290.16	,	\$163,411.85	\$ 10 1,00E.10	\$ 100,000.01	\$ 94,829.61	\$103,386.64	\$ 124,842.83		
Gen Station Off-Peak	\$ 54,399.43	\$ 41,798.77	\$ 37,395.57	\$ 29,393.47	\$ 32,247.20	\$ 49,091.53	\$ 69,951.60	\$ 58,168.47	\$ 45,623.40	\$ 32,148.34	\$ 37,708.05	\$ 43,696.51	\$ 1,416,328	∟nergy
Gen Station On-Peak					\$ 61,042.97								<b>64 440 000</b>	I
Gen Station Off-Peak	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.023170	\$ 0.023170	\$ 0.023170	\$ 0.023170	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260	\$ 0.018260		
Gen Station On-Peak	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.032710	\$ 0.032710	\$ 0.032710	\$ 0.032710	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000	\$ 0.028000		
Total kWh	5,975,149	4,931,648	4,564,783	3,702,618	3,946,108	4,459,893	5,876,297	5,365,720	3,918,689	3,999,205	4,410,727	5,291,101		
Gen Station Off-Peak kWh	2,979,158	2,289,089	2,047,950	1,609,719	1,766,002	2,118,754	3,019,059	2,510,508	1,969,072	1,760,588	2,065,063	2,393,018		
Gen Station On-Peak kWh	2,995,991	2,642,559	2,516,833	2,092,899	2,180,106	2,341,139	2,857,238	2,855,212	1,949,617	2,238,617	2,345,664	2,898,083		
Total Demand Charges	\$ 154,369.20	\$ 154,924.64	\$ 125,171.92	\$105,459.04	\$ 143,847.28	\$ 189,331.42	\$ 194,143.68	\$195,215.42	\$195,215.42	\$111,474.42	\$118,013.94	\$ 140,849.86	\$ 1,828,016	Demand
Transmission Substation	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,401.89	\$ 5,387.85	\$ 5,387.85	\$ 5,387.85	\$ 5,387.85	\$ 5,387.85	\$ 5,387.85		
Transmission Line	\$ 29,438.20	\$ 29,438.20	\$ 29,438.20	\$ 29,438.20	\$ 29,438.20	V 20,100.20	\$ 30,393.00	\$ 30,393.00	\$ 30,393.00	\$ 30,393.00	\$ 30,393.00			
Gen Station Reactive Supply	\$ 1,070.48	\$ 1,070.48	\$ 1,070.48	\$ 1,070.48	\$ 1,070.48		\$ 1,105.20	\$ 1,105.20	\$ 1,105.20	\$ 1,105.20	\$ 1,105.20			
Gen Station Spinning Reserve	\$ 1,000.76	\$ 1,000.76	.,	,	.,	.,	\$ 236.18	V 1,000.20	\$ 1,000.E0	.,	.,			
Gen Station Reg & Frequency Gen Station Spinning Reserve	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1,600.76	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1,600.76	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1,600.76	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1.600.76	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1,600.76	\$ 3,612.87 \$ 1,600.76	\$ 3,730.05 \$ 1,653.26	\$ 3,730.05 \$ 1,653.26	\$ 3,730.05 \$ 1,653.26	\$ 3,730.05 \$ 1,653.26	\$ 3,730.05 \$ 1.653.26	-,		
Gen Station Production Services	\$ 113,016.32	\$113,571.76	\$ 83,819.04	\$ 64,106.16	\$ 102,494.40	0 111,010.01	\$ 151,638.14	V 102,100.00	\$ 152,709.88	\$ 68,968.88	\$ 75,508.40	,		

## Wahoo Load Control

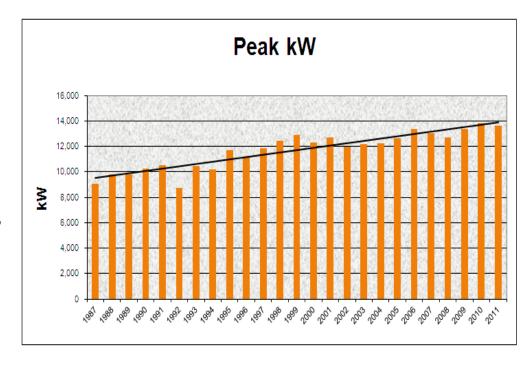
	Load Control	Approximate	Approximate			
		kW	Υ	early Savings		
2007	196 AC Load Control + 13 Irrigation(800kW)	996	\$	70,000.00		
2008	236 AC Load Control + 13 Irrigation(800kW)	1036	\$	75,000.00		
2009	543 Load Control + 13 Irrigation(800kW)	1343	\$	102,000.00		
2010	970 AC Load Control + 13 Irrigation(800kW)	1770	\$	136,000.00		
2011	1341 AC Load Control + 13 Irrigation(800kW)	2141	\$	164,000.00		

System Totals Thu July 17 2008 - Sat July 19 2008



### Peak kW

- Wahoo's load control program is designed to help keep customers electric utility costs down.
- Wahoo's electric peak demand(kW) continues to rise.



## Vendor Background

 Wahoo's load control vendor serves nearly 400 electric utilities across North America. It's systems are used by many of the country's largest utilities to manage peak load, improve system power factor and improve substation reliability. They have systems at utilities of all sizes and have a staff of seasoned professionals who are expert in the field of power systems, metering and energy management.

### **Sample Cannon Customers**

- Pacific Gas & Electric (CA)
- Alabama Power (AL)
- Dakota Electric (MN)
- WE Energies (WI)
- Indianapolis P&L (IN)
- Xcel Energy (MN, CO, TX)
- Progress Energy (NC)
- Idaho Power (ID)
- HECO (HI)
- City of Shakopee (MN)
- Alliant Energy (IA, WI)
- Toronto Hydro (Ont)
- Norris PPD (NE)
- 13 PPDs in Nebraska

- BG&E (MD)
- HydroOne (Ont)
- Nevada Power (NV)
- Consumers Energy (MI)
- Wabash Valley Power (IN)
- Com Ed (IL)
- LG&E (KY)
- San Antonio CPS (TX)
- Duke (NC, OH, IN & KY)
- Alabama Power (AL)
- Enersource (Ont)
- MidAmerican Energy (IA)
- Butler County PPD (NE)

## Wahoo City Ordinance

- AIR CONDITIONERS
- § 52.60 PERMIT REQUIRED.
- (A) No person shall install an air conditioner within the city or its environs where supplied with electric current from the city electric system without first having procured a permit therefore from the Building Inspector, or to use such air conditioner during the period that a permit may be revoked.
- (B) The person making an application for and procuring a permit shall thereby consent that the Board of Public Works or its designated agent may check and inspect any air conditioner and its electric connections installed under such permit at any reasonable time without request of the permit holder or previous notice to such permit holder.
- ('72 Code, § 3-9 17) (Am. Ord. 1340, passed 4-19-90; Am. Ord. 1493, passed 4-13-95;
- Am. Ord. 1815, passed 10-24-02) Penalty, see § 10.99

# Wahoo City Ordinance

- § 52.62 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- No unit of three-fourths horsepower or larger may be installed on less than 240 volts service.
- No air conditioner with a motor exceeding three horsepower actual rating shall be connected to a single phase service unless a special permit is granted by Utility Board or its Agent.
- Any user requiring three phase power for an air conditioner shall be subject
- at all times to any and all regulations of the city applicable to other three phase electric power users.
- All central air conditioners installed after April 15, 1990 must have a load
- <u>control device</u> approved by the Utility connected and operating. The load control device must not be disconnected there from without prior permission of the Utility.
- ('72 Code, § 3-919) (Am. Ord. 1340, passed 4-19-90) Penalty, see § 10.99